PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING. (Sundays excepted). Corner of South Temple and East Temple Streets Salt Lake City, Utah.

Charles W. Penrose . . . Editor. Horace G. Whitney . Pusiness Manager. EUBSCRIPTION PRICES.

(In Advance);

NEW YORK OFFICE In charge of B. F. Cammings, manager Foreign Advertising, from our Home Of-fice. 117 Park Row Building, New York.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE In charge of F. J. Cooper, 78 Geary St. Correspondence and other reading mat-ter for publication should be addressed to the EDITOR.

Address all business communications

and all remittances:
THE DESERRET NEWS,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Entered at the Postoffice of Sait Lake City as second class matter according to the Act of Congress, March 5, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY, - OCT. 3, 1904.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The Seventy-fifth Semi-annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will be held in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, commencing on Thursday, October 6, 1904. A general attendance on that day of the officers and members is requested and expected.

OSEPH F. SMITH, COHN R. WINDER, ANTHON H. LUND, First Presidency.

CONFERENCE NOTES.

The General Priesthood meeting will be held in the tabernacle on Friday night, Oct. 7; commencing at 7 o'clock.

The special Priesthood meeting usually held on the day after conference consisting of the General Authorities, Stake Presidents and Bishoprics, High Councilors, Patriarchs, Presidents of temples and Presidents of missions, will be held in the Asembly hall on Saturday, the 8th, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. The members of the General Boards of the Sunday School Union and Y. M. M. I. Association are also invited to this meeting.

The General Conference will adjourn on Friday afternoon to Sunday morn-

ing at 10 o'clock. Religion class stake officers and class teachers will meet with the General Superintendency at the Assembly Hall,

Saturday Oct 8 at 2 p. m.

Surday School Union will convene in the Tabernacle on Sunday night, commencing at 7 o'clock.

DUTIES OF THE HOUR.

This being the year when the election is held for President and Vice tirely new registration of voters is reizen of the State should understand this, and be sure to be newly registered, so as to be able to vote at the November election. The former registrations are of no avail for the future. They are numbered among the things of the past. No new registration means no vote this year, either for presidential electors or for State or county officers. This is important to all the people of Utah.

The registration officers are not now nequired to make house to house visits for registration purposes; the citizens must go to the registry office of their district and be registered anew. This must be attended to on the days appointed by law. October 11 and 12 are the first in order, October 18 comes next and November 1 and 2 are the last for the present year. These are the only days when registration can be legally attended to. This should be impressed upon the minds of all the citizens of the State.

There is great danger of many citizens losing their right to vote, through not knowing of this provision of the law or in consequence of negligence or indifference. The workers in the respective political parties should be active in pressing this upon the attention of persons of both sexes who have the right to register. There are many young men and women and some persons who have lived here but just sufficient time who will be new voters when registered. They should be looked up and urged to register as well as the voters whose names are on the old lists which have now become obsolete.

It is a duty that every American citizen owes to the country and to the State to use his or her influence in behalf of good government. This cannot effectually be done without the use of the ballot. And a ballot cannot be cast in Utah without previous registration. Every citizen, then whether native born or of either sex, naturalized, who has resided here the statutory time, should comply with the registration law and thus be qualified to vote. Perfect freedom in the exercise of the elective franchise is the right of every registered citizen. No one has authority to dietate for whom it shall be used. We do not believe there is anybody in Utah who lays claim to the right to interfere with the full liberty of the citizen. to cast a ballot for such party or candidate as the voter chooses to support If there is such a pretender his assumption should be exposed. Insinuations that undue influence of that kind is used does not count here, except

with the uninformed and the credulous. It is proper to urge citizens to do their duty. It is not lawful to compel them by any kind of force, or offer them any wrong inducement to perform that duty. The corrupt use of money for political purposes is one of the great evils of the age, and whenever it is discovered it should be exposed and the criminals punished, wheever or whatever they may be. The purity of elections is as necessary to the welfare of the nation as is the liberty of its citizens. We hope that both will be maintained in this State during this

year's registration and election. See to it, you who have the authority and the power, that every citizen of proper age and residence is instructed about registration and the need of us-

Also take care that false registration and fraudulent voting are not permitted. Experience should have taught the leading men in both the great political parties, the necessity for this precaution when certain unprincipled and venal elements are actively at work with evil intent. They should not be allowed to prevail, nor should any such attempts as have been made in past times be permitted to go unwhipped of justice. These are times when every patriot should be alert and active, on his honor, determined to strive for the right as he sees it for himself, and ready to help in a good cause when firmness and valor are required.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Typhoid feyer is reported from many places of the United States. Numerous cases have occurred in New York on the east coast, and in California on the west, and from several inland towns come stories of the ravages of that sickness. Neither the mountain region nor the plain is exempted. Every fall that disease seems to gather new strength, and this season is no exception to the rule. It may be that the summer heat has weakened the human system and rendered many persons unable to resist the attack of the germs; or, it may be that the microbes are particularly numerous and strong at this time of the year, owing to the decaying vegetable matter that too often is neglected and left around yards and alleys to give nourishment to disease germs and fill the nir with noxious gases. At all events, the fall seems to be the time for typhold fever.

The source of that disease is generally presumed to be impure water used for drinking purposes. Infected milk is another source of danger. It has also been proved that flies sometimes bear the germs from filthy places and deposit them on food, and thus spread the disease. By the careless use of drinking vessels, spoons, knives, forks, etc., that have been used by typhoid fever patients, it is also thought the infection can spread. But most of the notable typhoid epidemics have been traced to impure drinking water. Filtration has not always proved sufficient. It does not destroy the disease-breeding bacteria, although it clears the water and makes it more agreeable, both to

the eye and the palate. By the so-called ozone treatment of the water it is claimed that every disease germ is killed. The treatment consists in mixing with ozonized air the water to be purified. Ozone is chemically active oxygen, and is obtained in this process by submitting air to the action of electricity. Prof. Tyndall, it is said, once prophesied that science would make it possible to convert sewage into pure water. This, we are told, has become literally true, by the ozone treat-

ment of water. This method has been investigated in behalf of the German government by Dr. Ohlmuller and Dr. Pratt. They experimented with water infected with the bacill of typhus and cholera, quired by the laws of Utah. Every cit. all 24 sterile results were obtained. Not entirely satisfied yet, they mixed infeeted water with ordinary Spree water I to 1. Before the ozonization the total was 43,800 to 45,107 germs per centimeter, after the ezonization 5 and 6. The same tests were made on a larger scale. In their report to the government, they stated, in part:

"By the treatment of water with ozone a remarkable destruction of bacozone a remarkable described teria is produced, and in this regard ozonization is in general superior to separation of bacteria by sand filtra-

The cholera and typhus bacilli are

Viewed from a chemical point of view the water is affected only inso-far that the oxidability is reduced and free oxygen increased, both of which mean an improvement of the water. The ozone which is introduced in the water is of no importance from a technical or health affecting consideration, as it readily changes into oxygen.

"The treatment of it improves the water by making it colorless." In view of the fact that not a year now passes in which many thousand persons do not die on account of polluted drinking water, the claims made for this process of purification should not be ignored by municipal au-

In the meantime, the public can do much toward keeping death from its doors, by cleaning up yards, disinfecting filthy places, and proper drainage. The expenses involved by thorough cleaning of yards and alleys may be saved many times by the immunity it may give for disease. It is, at all events, a great deal cheaper to prevent | turbed by the cares of the world. disease than to cure it, even if it is not fatal.

RUSSIA'S NEW PILOT.

The new interior minister of Russia, Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, the successor of the ill-fated von Plehve, is said to be a man of liberal tendencies, and it is therefore hoped that his regime will be one of greater freedom in the Czar's domain. He had already given assurances that are taken to mean that there will be no more persecution of the Jews, and this impression is strengthened by the fact the while he was governor general over provinces where the Jews are numerous, he showed himself very friendly to that race. This may, of course, mean that he was at the disposal of those who had means, for it is well known that in Russla the Jews have been under the necessity of buying privileges not given them by law. If this surmise is correct, the cause of liberty has not made any gain in his promotion; for, liberty cannot be built

upon bribery. Concerning the new leader of Russian internal affairs it is said that he is comparatively young, for he is only 47 year old. He commenced his active career as a soldier, but afterward entered the civil service and became a warm friend of M. Sipiaguine. He has been governor of Penza, marshal of the nobility of the province of Kharkoff and Ekaterinoslav, and assistant minister of the interior under M. Siplaguine and during the early days of M. de Plehve's administration. His wife, the Countess Bokrinsky, is known for her scientific attainments and as a great admirer of Count Tolstoy. The Prince's father was one of the brilliant generals during the reign of Alexander II. It is further claimed that he has a horror of re-

ing the ballot for good government. ligious persecution, and he is said to be a man of somewhat delicate health and of great personal charm, so it is not surprising that the best elements in Russia welcome the Czar's choice, since they consider it denotes a desire to enter upon a more progressive policy.

TROUBLES OF ROYALTY,

The London Chronicle is authority for the statement that the pope has brought about reconciliation between the Prince Friedrich Schonburg-Waldenburg and the Princess Alice de Bourbon, who have been divorced. It is very probable that his holiness takes special interest in this couple, for he is said to have performed the marriage ceremony seven years ago, in Venice. But the story about the penance this couple has been sentenced to make, as a condition of restoration to papal favor smacks of romance. According to a Frankfort paper, the prince and princess will have to make a long pilgrimage on foot. They will wear sandals, go bareheaded, and live on bread and water in the meanest lans to be found on the road. Probably they will take the Frection of Jerusalem, it is said. On the whole, the penance promises to excel in picturesque interest that of Henry II for the murder of Becket, and other historical examples. But the story needs verification, before it can be believed. Papacy does not appear, in our times, in antiquated costumes. It is well abreast of the times.

The princess is the youngest daughter of Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne. The prince was a Protestant, but he became a Catholic to win the princess. The couple had a hard time of it, being boycotted, it seems, by the families on both sides, and they separated. Scandal later circulated the story that the princess had eloped with a coachman, and a divorce was secured. It is this breach that now is to be healed, it is said, by repentance, expressed in the sever penance referred to.

The story shows that royalty is not exempt from the fallings and trials of common mortals. Some of them have more troubles than the humble inhabitant of a little cottage.

"I have said"-Henry Gassaway Davis.

To be able not to be fined for an offense is fine.

The duck hunters just sit still and do rush-ing business.

The Japs, from all appearances, are about to run a Mukden.

News of Russian victories continues to be delayed in transmission.

Oyama will do well to remember that

flank movements are ticklish. Dr. Beatty protests against the dust

ulsance. Down with the dust! Mr. Davis deprecates raising the race

issue. But there must be a race issue

in running for office. advance Kuropatkin may decide to take

the offensive. "Much virtue in If."

John D. Rockefeller received \$13,000,-000 as his share of this year's Standard oil dividends. A very unlucky number

-for the people. Again it is announced that the Baltle fleet is going to the Far East. Why

upon the order of going? Tomorrow the Czar will bid farewell to the Balic fleet prior to its departure for the Far East. "Farewell! a long

does it not go at once and not stand

farewell to all my greatness.' Justice Phelps of Lee is sorry. Gov. Bates has made the amende honorable and Mr. Gurney's wound is salved. And so closes a modern diplomatic instance. Really it was much ado about noth-

Carrie Nation has been smashing plate-glass windows in Wichita, and with some of her assistants has been placed in jail. That woman is a common interstate nuisance and should be trerated as such.

J. Plerpont Morgan with a snug little competency of something over a hundred million dollars, is about to retire from business and rest in his declining years. He has worked hard and should be allowed to enjoy his earnings undis-

An American vice-consul in Dublin has been fined for furious riding on a motor cycle within the city limits. Being in the consular and not in the dipomatic service all he can do is to achieve unenviable notoriety in place of international fame. By the way, he only got his deserts.

"I shall never act again. My days upon the stage are ended." So says genial Joe Jefferson. The public loss, and it is a great one, will be his gain. His name is a household word, dear to all Americans. No actor in this country ever so endeared himself to all the people as has the creator and interpreter of "Rip Van Winkle." And should he live to be an hundrerd years old (and may he live longer) he could never lag superfluous upon the stage, Peace to his old age, and may his last days be long in the land of his birth.

> TALKING OF PEACE. New York World.

There are discouraging facts. Why not dwell also upon brighter ones-upon the Alabama award, amicably arranged between the two great English-speak-ing nations; upon the first Venezuela arbitration and the Alaska boundary agreement, made in spite of Canadian violence in the latter case and the pro-vocative language of Mr. Cleveland in the former; upon the second Venezuela arbitration, entered upon after war tually been begun by irresistible force? Should a further reason be given why a new conference should be held and why the United States should call it. Dr. Gobat, of Switzerland, on Saturday gave that reason in briefly recalling that ours was the first government that turned the other nations toward. The Hague court. He referred, of course, to the Pious Fund dispute between Mexico and the United States.

which was the first case carried to the International Arbitration Tribunal when half Europe sneered at it as im-

Boston Herald.

The thought is suggested, if the peace power of neutrals is so great, that it is not being very forcibly exercised with regard to the bloody and terrific hostilities in the far east, seed possibly of other wars. The neutral powers, though some of them are duly committed to the violated dignity of China as a government, are thus far occupying the atti-tude merely of spectators, occasionally grumbling and sputtering a little when their own shins get rubbed in the me-lee, as in the case of seizure of contraband goods, actual or alleged. to one seems anxious to essay the role of peacemaker. Only by acting as a committee of the whole, probably, can any advances in that direction be successfully made. Even so, overtures might be rejected, but the undertaking would be worth while, and we do no believe that a united protest against this continued disturbance of the world's order and prosperity would be wholly ignored.

Springfield Republican.

There is no critic of the president's varlike tendencies who will not extend o him congratulations for having favorably responded to the request of the delegates of the interparliamentary inion that he invite the various nations signatory to The Hague convennational arbitration and kindred ques-tions. It is to be hoped that if the question of the curtaliment of national ermaments, especially great navies can delegates will be instructed to throw their influence in favor of a curallment scheme.

New York Post.

The first peace conference, it will be emembered, met at The Hague on May , 1899; delegates from twenty-six nations adopted three conventions, three declarations, and seven resolutions The declarations prohibited the use of dumdum bullets and projectiles containing asphyxiating gases, and pro-hibited the throwing of explosives from balloons for a period of five years. The conventions related to the laws and customs of war on land, the adaptation to maritime warfare of the principles of the Geneva conference of 1864 and, most important of all, provided for the peaceful adjustment of international differences. The third established the Hague ourt of Arbitration, to which, at President Research's very set Very at President Roosevelt's request, Venezuela and her European creditors reforred the questions at issue between them. By this act the president ren-dered a notable service to the peaceful settlement of international disputes.

Chicago Record-Herald. .

It is said that the German foreign office expresses itself in sympathy with the idea of a new peace conference, with proviso, however, that the president's propositions must be confined to practical, tangible measures, without attempting anything like general dis-armament of an adjudication of difficulties which touch the sovereignty and honor of states, as would be involved in any scheme of compulsory arbitra-

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